# microbol

Presentation of the input document

Carita Blomqvist, Finnish National Agency for Education



#### QF & ECTS Input document - purposes

- serve as a common input basis for the today's meeting of the MICROBOL Working Group on qualification framework and ECTS
- provide a comprehensive overview of the main points and challenges emerged in the Working Group meeting held in January 2021
- provide input on possible solutions and recommendations to overcome these challenges, highlighting the way forward for microcredentials in general.



## Main contents of the document

#### **Four parts**

- Introduction: setting the scene from higher education perspective and how the existing EHEA tools can be used/need to be adapted to be applicable to micro-credentials (MC)?
- Challenges have been discussed in January
- Today: focus on identifying possible solutions and important elements for further implementation and development of micro-credentials
- Qualifications Frameworks and ECTS in the EHEA



# Consensus of what a micro-credential is

- Working definition of the MICROBOL project (focus on higher education, to the learning experience, reference to the ECTS and the ESG)

- EU-level draft definition in the report "A European approach to microcredentials" (wider, more emphasis on learning outcomes and documentation)

- **Recommendation 4:** support flexibility in definition, to stimulate innovation and support adaptability of the MC to various needs of individuals, labour market and society



# **Qualifications Frameworks**

- **Recommendation 5:** The European discussion and national solutions should be taken forward simultaneously
- **Recommendation 6:** MC should be included in the national qualifications frameworks (NQF), when possible. If this happens, they should be self-certified with the QF-EHEA/referenced to the EQF
- Recommendation 7: Guidelines and common principles for including MC to the NQF should be developed



# ECTS

- Recommendation 8: Ensure that the existing ECTS Users' Guide is well-known and correctly followed by HEIs and its elements are clarified for other stakeholders. Important: ECTS credits represent both learning outcomes and volume of learning in student time
- **Recommendation 9:** Encourage co-operation between HEIs and other providers to facilitate the correct definition of learning outcomes and indication of workload, as well as co-creation of learning activities
- If useful, formulate a guide to the relevant existing ECTS principles and features to facilitate the correct understanding and application of ECTS to MC.



# Other aspects/Common format

- Recommendation 10: Support knowledge and enhance awareness of the importance of the common European format to document MC (for certification)
- Constitutive elements for the common format: identification of the learner; title of the MC; country of the provider; awarding body/institution; date; learning outcomes; workload (in ECTS, when possible); assessment and form of quality assurance
- Optional: NQF level (and if self-certified/referenced QF-EHEA and EQF level); form of participation in the learning activity; stackability and portability; prerequisities needed to enrol; field od learning



## Looking forward to joint discussions!

## Thank you!

